WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method of increasing anaerobic working capacity in a tissue comprising the following steps:
- (a) providing a beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide and a glycine, an insulin, an insulin mimic, or an insulin-action modifier; and
- (b) administering the beta-alanine and at least one of the glycine, insulin mimic, or insulin-action modifier to the tissue in an amount effective to increase beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide synthesis in the tissue, thereby increasing the anaerobic working capacity in the tissue.

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- 2. A method of regulating hydronium ion concentrations in a tissue comprising the following steps:
- (a) providing a beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide and a glycine, an insulin an insulin mimic, or an insulin-action modifier; and
- (b) administering the beta-alanine and at least one of the glycine, insulin mimic, or insulin-action modifier to the tissue in an amount effective to increase the hydronium ion concentration in the tissue.
- 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of administering the betaalanine and at least one of the glycine, insulin mimic, or insulin-action modifier to the tissue comprises oral administration, administration to a blood or blood plasma or a combination thereof.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide comprises a carnosine, an anserine, or a balenine.
- 5. A composition comprising a mixture of a glycine, an insulin, an insulin mimic or an insulin-action modifier, and a composition comprising an amino acid or an active derivative thereof selected from the group consisting of a beta-alanine, a chemical derivative of beta-alanine and a peptide comprising a beta-alanine.

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- 6. The composition of claim 5, wherein the beta-alanine comprises a beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide.
- 7. The composition of claim 6, wherein the beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide comprises a carnosine, an anserine or a balenine.
 - 8. The composition of claim 5, further comprising at least a creatine or a carbohydrate.
- 9. The composition of claim 5, wherein the insulin mimic comprises a D-pinitol (3-O-methyl-chiroinositol), a 4-hydroxy isoleucine, a demethyl-asterriquinone B-1 compound, an alpha lipoic acid, a R-alpha lipoic acid, a guanidiniopropionic acid, a vanadium compound, a vanadium complex or a synthetic phosphoinositolglycan peptide.
 - 10. The composition of claim 5, wherein the insulin-action modifier is a sulphonylurea, a thiazolidinedione or a biguanide.
 - 11. The composition of claim 5, wherein the composition is a pharmaceutical composition.
 - 12. The composition of claim 5, wherein the composition is a dietary supplement or a sports drink.
- 13. The composition of claim 12, wherein the dietary supplement or sports drink is a supplement for humans.
 - 14. A composition comprising at least 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 3.5, 4.0, 4.5 or 5 grams of a peptide or an ester comprising a beta-alanine.
- 30 15. A composition comprising at least 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0 grams of a peptide or an ester comprising a beta-alanine in an injectable form.

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- 16. The composition of claim 14 or claim 15, wherein the peptide comprises a beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide.
- 17. The composition of claim 16, wherein the beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide comprises a carnosine, an anserine or a balenine.
- 18. A composition for humans comprising at least 200, 250, 300, 450, 500, 550, 600, 650, 700, 750 or 800 mg of a beta-alanine.
- 19. The composition of claim 18, wherein the composition is formulated in an ingestible or an injectable formulation.
- 20. The composition of claim 19, wherein the ingestible formulation is a drink, a gel, a food or a tablet.
 - 21. The composition of claim 18, wherein the peptide comprises a betaalanylhistidine dipeptide.
- 22. The composition of claim 20, wherein the beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide comprises a carnosine, an anserine or a balenine.
 - 23. A method of increasing the anaerobic working capacity of a tissue in a subject comprising the following steps:
 - (a) providing a composition comprising (i) a mixture of a glycine, an insulin, an insulin mimic or an insulin-action modifier, and a composition comprising an amino acid or an active derivative thereof selected from the group consisting of a beta-alanine, a chemical derivative of beta-alanine and a peptide comprising a beta-alanine; (ii) at least 0.5 gram of a peptide or an ester comprising a beta-alanine in an injectable form; or, (iii) at least 200 mg of a beta-alanine; and

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- (b) administering the composition to the subject in an amount effective to increase the anaerobic working capacity of the tissue.
- 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the total dosage of the beta-alanine for a 24-hour period is at least 0.2 gram.
 - 25. The method of claim 23, wherein the total dosage of the beta-alanine for a 24-hour period is between about 0.2 gram and about 6.4 gram.
- The method of claim 23, wherein the composition is given over a period of at least 3 days.
 - 27. The method of claim 23, wherein the composition is given over a period of at least about 3 days to about two weeks.
 - 28. The method of claim 23, wherein the beta-alanine comprises a beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide.
 - 29. The method of claim 28, wherein the beta-alanylhistidine dipeptide comprises a carnosine, an anserine or a balenine.
 - 30. The method of claim 28, where the total dosage of the betaalanylhistidine dipeptide over a 24 hour period is at least about 0.5 gram.
- 25 31. The method of claim 30, where the total dosage of the betaalanylhistidine dipeptide over a 24 hour period is greater than about 5 gram.
 - 32. The method of claim 28, where the total dosage of the betaalanylhistidine dipeptide over a 24 hour period is more than about 5 gram to about 16 gram.

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- 33. The method of claim 28, where the total dosage of the betaalanylhistidine dipeptide over a 24 hour period is at least 16 gram.
- 34. The method of claim 23, wherein the composition is administered in multiple doses.
 - 35. The method of claim 34, wherein the composition is administered at least two times to eight times in a 24-hour period.
- The method of claim 23, wherein about 200 mg of a beta-alanine or about 500 mg of carnosine is administered about two to eight times a day over a period of several weeks.
 - 37. The method of claim 23, wherein at least about 2 g of a beta-alanine or at least about 5 g of carnosine is administered about two to eight times a day over a period of about two, three or four days.
 - 38. The method of claim 23, wherein the amount of the composition administered is increased daily.
 - 39. The method of claim 23, wherein the amount of the composition administered is increased weekly.
 - 40. The method of claim 23, wherein the composition is administered in treatment periods that last for at least about four weeks.
 - 41. A method of regulating hydronium ion concentration in tissue in a subject comprising the following steps:
 - (a) providing a composition comprising (i) a mixture of a glycine, an insulin, an insulin mimic or an insulin-action modifier, and a composition comprising an amino acid or an active derivative thereof selected from the group consisting of a beta-alanine, a

chemical derivative of beta-alanine and a peptide comprising a beta-alanine; (ii) at least 0.5 gram of a peptide or an ester comprising a beta-alanine in an injectable form; or, (iii) at least 200 mg of a beta-alanine; and

(b) administering the composition to the subject in an amount effective toregulate the hydronium ion concentration in the tissue.